



# Web Services: J2EE<sup>TM</sup> vs .NET

## "You make the call..."

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# Learning Objectives

- Understand web services
- Understand the J2EE<sup>™</sup> platform and .NET
- Cut through the FUD
  - Fear, Uncertainty, and Doubt
- Empower you to make the right decision!

# Presentation Roadmap

- **Web services fundamentals**
- Under The Hood: J2EE vs .NET
- Comparisons: J2EE vs .NET
- Conclusions

# Building Web Services

- **Really XML Interfaces**
  - Application, Systems, Services are Old!
- **Provider:** Creates, Assembles & Deploys
  - Old Technology: J2EE, Middleware, etc.
- **Provider:** Describes with WSDL...others
- **Provider:** Registers with UDDI...others
- **USER:** Searches UDDI & Binds
  - SOAP, ebXML

# Web Services Approach

- **J2EE & .NET**
  - Repositioned for Web Services
- **Plumbing:**
  - XML Interoperability, Load Balancing
  - Transaction management
- **Use Containers** – Don't do it yourself!

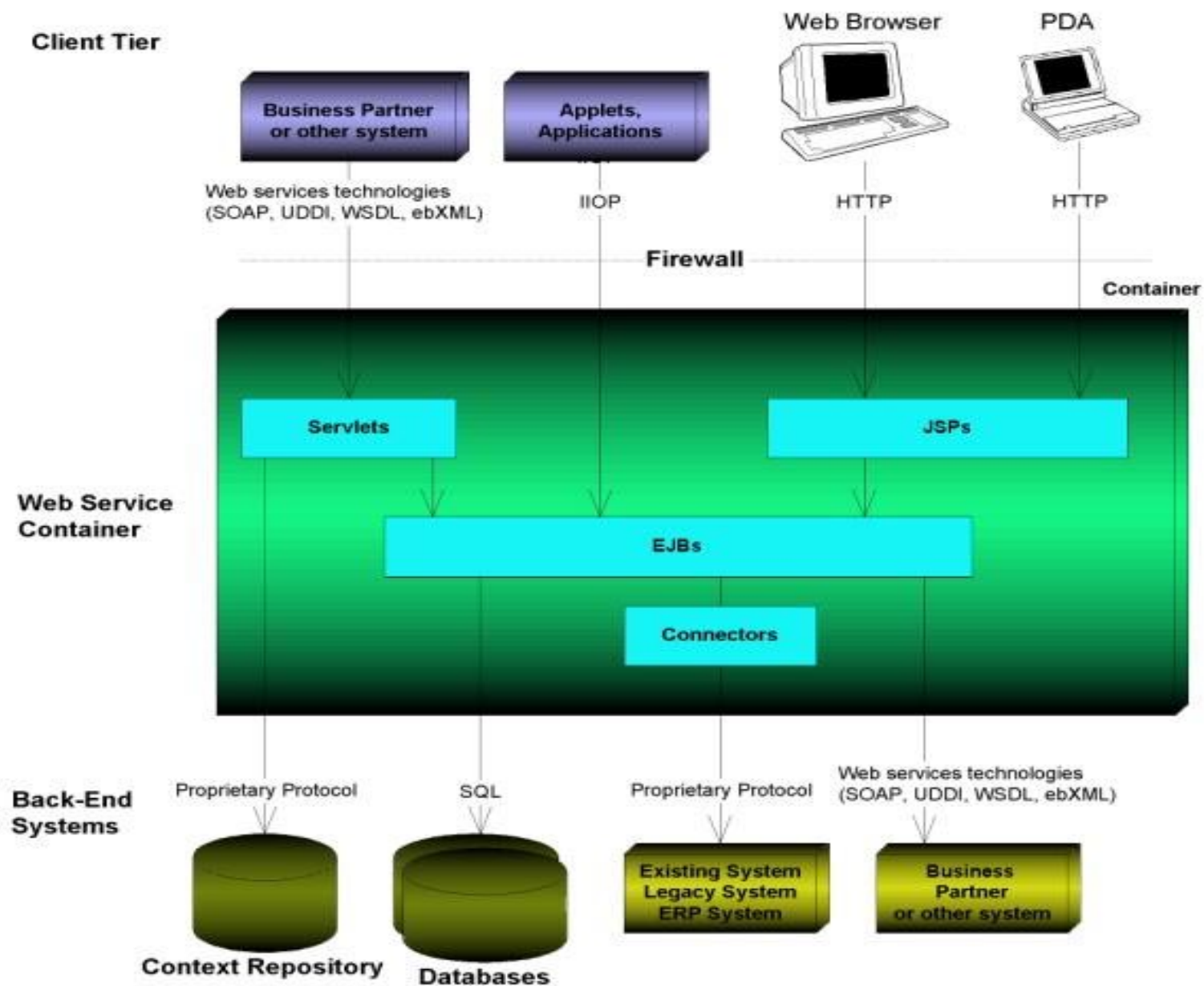
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# Under The Hood: J2EE...

- **Java The Foundation**
  - Language, JVM & Platform
- **J2EE & WebServices**
  - Enterprise Services, includes XML
- **Container Services**
- **Business Layer**
  - Existing: EJB, JDBC, JCA
  - New Stuff: SOAP, UDDI, WSDL & ebXML





# J2EE Platform Summary

- Industry standard
- 50+ vendors implement the standard (tools, app servers, etc.)
- Result of collaboration between vendors
- The J2EE platform Includes:
  - PDF file agreements
  - Reference Implementation
  - Test Suite
  - J2EE Blueprints design guidelines
- Based on Java<sup>TM</sup> technology—JRE interprets bytecode

# Under The Hood: .NET...

- Microsoft .NET
  - Product suite, building web services
- Rewrite of Windows DNA
  - MTS, COM+, MSMQ, SQL Server
- .NET Includes
  - New Web Services & Language Support

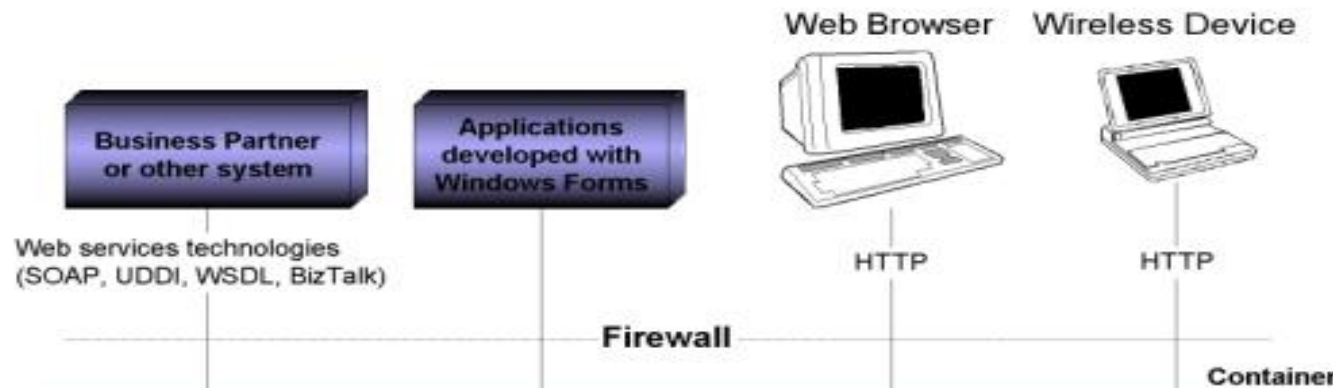
## Under The Hood: .Net...

- Language Independence & Interoperability
  - VB.NET & C# (OO Language)
- Intermediate Language
  - Analogous to Java Bytecode!
- Common Language Runtime (CLR)
  - Analogous to Java JVM!
- Provides: GC, Exception Handling, etc.

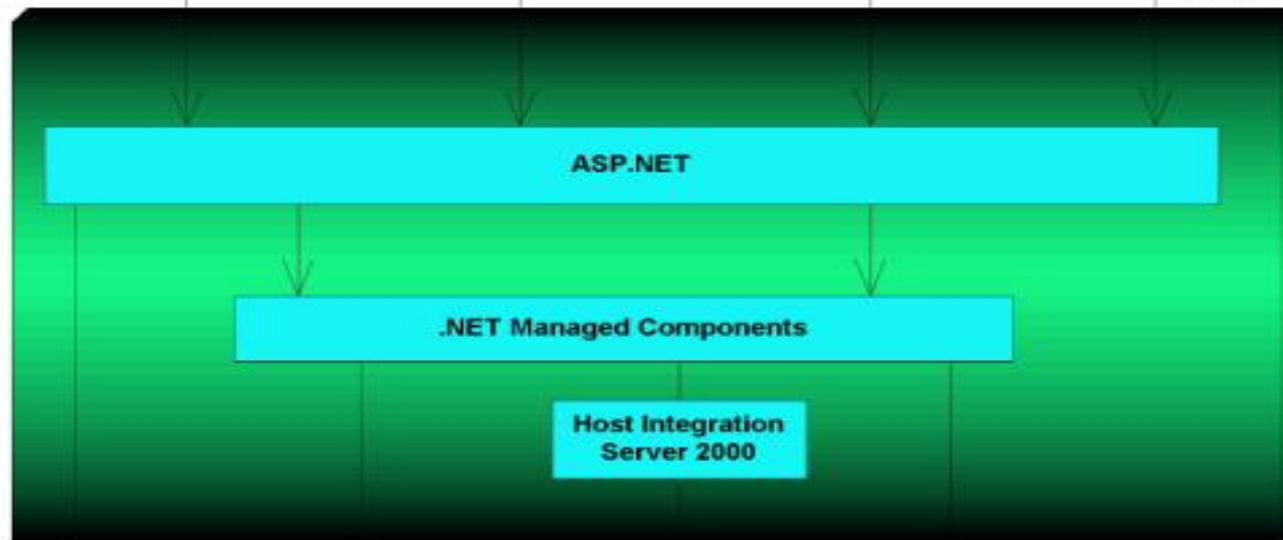
# Under The Hood: .NET...

- **Hailstorm**
  - Shared Context over Web Services
  - Passport for Identity, Security, etc.
  - For Fee & Free Services
- **Resolves:** "Islands" of information

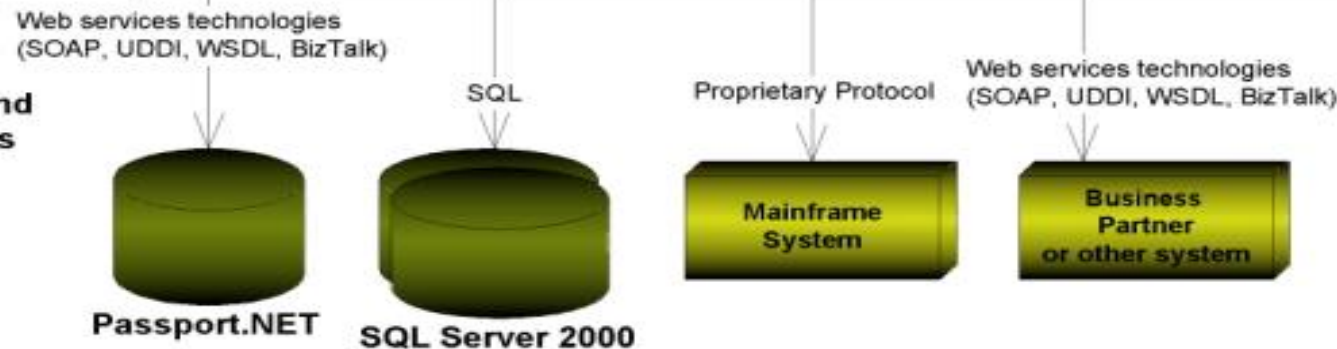
**Client Tier**



**Web Service Container**



**Back-End Systems**



# .NET Summary

- MSFT product suite (not standard)
- Previous version was Windows DNA
  - Included COM+, MSMQ, etc.
- .NET Framework replaces Windows DNA
- .NET Servers (SQL Server, BizTalk Server, etc.)
- Hailstorm Services, Passport.NET
- Visual Studio.NET
- Common Language Runtime (CLR)
  - Provides language neutrality through IL code
- New C# language

# J2EE and .NET Analogies

Feature	J2EE	.NET
Type of Technology	Standard	Product
Middleware Vendors	30+	Microsoft
Interpreter	JRE	CLR
Dynamic Web Pages	JSP™	ASP.NET
Middle-Tier Components	EJB	.NET Managed Components
Database Access	JDBC, SQL/J	ADO.NET
SOAP, WSDL, UDDI	Yes	Yes
Implicit Middleware (load-balancing, etc.)	Yes	Yes



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# RAD Features

- **The J2EE platform**
  - State management
  - Persistence services (entity beans)
  - Custom JSP<sup>™</sup> tag libraries
  - Proprietary features
- **.NET**
  - Queued Components
  - Client device independence tools
  - Business Process Management and E–Commerce
- **Conclusion:** Comparable

# Performance Features

- **Problem**
  - Backend Integration: Databases
  - Enterprises: Data driven not logic driven
- **Solutions**
  - Reduce data integration
  - Provide access to tactics

# Performance Features

- **J2EE**
  - Low-level database integration
  - Stateful processes
  - Long-term caching
- **.NET**
  - Backend Integration hidden
- **Conclusion: J2EE**

# Single Vendor Solution

- **J2EE Platform**
  - **Good**: Large players single–vendor solution
  - **Bad**: Small vendors mix–and–match
- **.NET**
  - **Good**: Get most of what you need from MSFT
  - **Bad**: API is not open, hard to create new tools
- **Legacy Integration**
  - **J2EE** platform offers single–vendor solution
    - Legacy IBM, BEA, Oracle, etc customers
  - **.NET** offers single–vendor solution
    - Legacy MSFT customers
- **Conclusion: J2EE**

# Support for Existing Systems

- **Problem**

- Heterogeneous environments
- Strategy for preserving & reusing investments

- **Solution**

- Open integration solutions
- Packaged applications & legacy systems

# Support for Existing Systems

- **J2EE Platform**

- JMS (Java<sup>TM</sup> Message Service API)
- Web services
- CORBA
- JNI (Java Native Interface)
- J2EE Connector Architecture (**JCA**)

- **.NET**

- Host Integration Server 2000
- COM TI (Mainframes)
- MSMQ (MQSeries)
- BizTalk (B2B Protocols, EDI)

# Support for Existing Systems

- J2EE
  - **Good**: Integration vision through JCA
  - **Bad**: JCA adapters are not a reality today
  - **Promising**: Tremendous buy-in
- .NET
  - **Good**: .NET decent legacy story today
  - **Bad**: Vision for tomorrow is horrible
- **Conclusion**: J2EE



# Market Perception

- **Problem**

- Huge switching cost!
- Integrates with new technology (web services)

- **Solution**

- Leverage
  - Existing investments
  - Reduce switching cost & training
  - Extend legacy & web services

# Market Perception

- **J2EE Platform**
  - **Good**: Marketing by 50+ vendors
  - **Bad**: Perceived as enterprise platform
- **.NET**
  - **Good**: Marketing by 1 vendor
  - **Good**: Good job on perception so far
  - **Good**: Perceived web services platform
- **Conclusion: .NET**

# Architecture Maturity

- **J2EE Platform**
  - Platform mature—Web services are new
- **.NET**
  - Almost a complete rewrite of DNA
  - CLR, C# is brand new
- **Conclusion**
  - **Good**: J2EE evolution of stable software
  - **Risky**: .NET in beta now; First generation
  - **Risky**: Migration is also challenging for .NET

# Language Support

- **J2EE Platform**

- Bet on Java language
- Bridge to other languages (CORBA, JNI, Connectors, web services)

- **.NET**

- Language neutral through CLR
- Can inherit from different languages
- No need to bridge as in the J2EE platform

# Language Support

- .NET mixed language in CLR warnings
  - Risky to disrupt existing systems
  - Hard to maintain mixed code
  - Hard to share best practices and communicate
  - Knowledge split means if someone leaves, code may be not understandable

# Language Support

- CLR is good for single–language solutions
  - Compelling for existing legacy code to become .NET code
- There are issues though
  - Retraining OO
  - Bound code to .NET
  - Why invest in outdated technologies?
- **Conclusion**
  - We would rather bridge to existing systems
  - Not a huge value that CLR is language neutral
  - J2EE once again..

# Portability Features

- The J2EE platform
  - Hardware–agnostic
  - Middleware–agnostic, enforced by test suite
  - Problem: Test suite does not cover web services
  - Portability is, though, better than MSFT
- .NET
  - Win32 only
- Conclusions
  - The J2EE platform wins on portability

# Web Services Support

- The J2EE platform
  - JAXP (Java<sup>TM</sup> API for XML parsing) available now
  - Can deploy today
  - RAD development tools through 3rd parties
  - Downside: Other JAX APIs not done yet
- .NET
  - Pros: RAD development of web services through Visual Studio.NET—Awesome tool
  - Downsides: No ebXML, can't deploy today



# Shared Context Support

- **J2EE Platform**
  - Distributed repository vision
  - JDBC<sup>™</sup> API, future shared context APIs
  - Pros: No big brother effect, no single point of failure, more scalable to needs of masses
- **.NET**
  - Single repository (Passport.NET)
  - Issue: Huge Lock-In potential..
- **Conclusions**
  - Still too early to tell

# System Cost

- **J2EE Platform**
  - Can choose your service level
  - High–end (BEA, IBM, Oracle)
  - Almost free (jBoss/Cobalt/Linux)
  - Get what you pay for
- **.NET**
  - Cheap deployment (comes with OS)
  - Maintenance issues with lower–end systems
- **Conclusions**
  - Both systems can be low cost
  - Consider TCO, not cost per transaction

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# J2EE and .NET Summarized

Platform Feature	J2EE	.NET
RAD	✓	✓
Performance	✓	✓
Single Vendor	✓	✓
Interoperability	✓	✓
Marketing	✓	✓
Maturity	✓	✓
Language Support	✓	✓
Portability	✓	✓
Web Service Support	✓	✓
Total Cost Ownership	✓	✓
Summary	✓	

